ADVANCED EV3 PROGRAMMING LESSON



Arrays

By Sanjay and Arvind Seshan



Lesson Objectives

- Build upon skills from the Variables lesson in Intermediate
- Learn how to read/write to arrays
- Learn about the Array Operations block
- Learn to use the loop count in a loop

Prerequisites: Data Wires, Loops, Variables

Why Use Arrays?

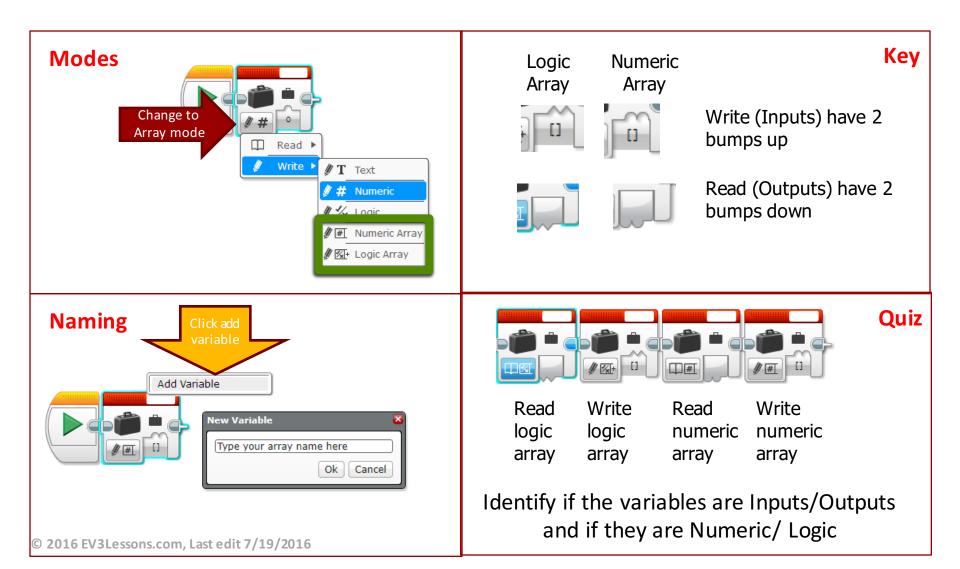
- 1. Simplify programs by storing multiple related values in a single variable
- 2. Can be used with loops to make compact and useful programs
- 3. Are useful for making a custom calibration program (see NXT Light Sensor in EV3 on our contributed lessons tab)

Arrays



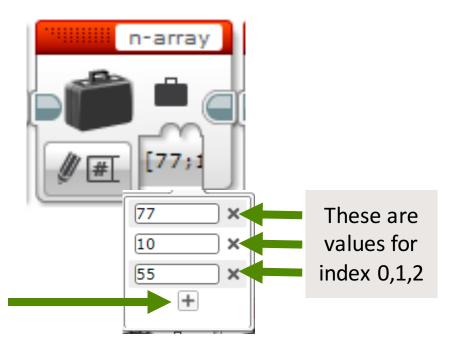
- What is an array?
 - An array is a variable that holds multiple values
- There are two types of arrays:
 - Numeric Array (Holds a set of numbers ... 1,2,3,10,55)
 - Logic Array (Holds a set of logic ... True, True, False)
- They can be used as either Inputs or Outputs so you can either....
 - Write put a value(s) into the array
 - Read get the value(s) from the array out

Array Blocks: Quick Guide



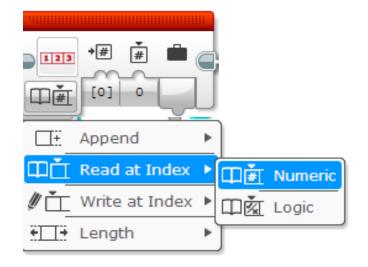
Array Indexes

- Each value in an array is assigned an index
- The first value would be at index 0
- Logic arrays would store True/False instead of numbers
- To add a value to an array click the plus +
 - This adds an entry at the next index value (i.e. index 3)

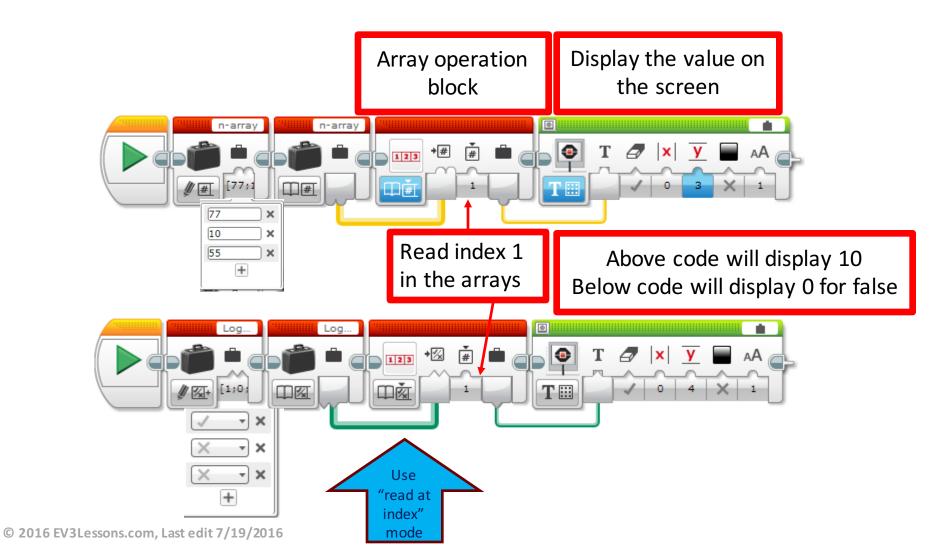


Block: Array Operations

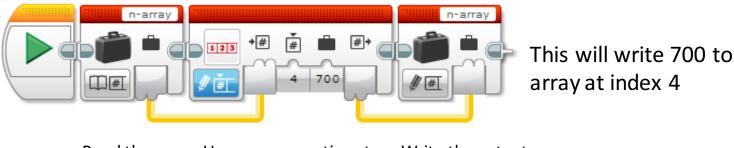
- This block is used to read or write to Logic or Numeric arrays
- Different modes:
 - Append: Add a new entry after the last array index
 - Read at index: Reads the value at a certain index
 - Write at Index: Write a new value to a certain array index
 - Length: How many entries are in the array
- Restauring a straight of the stored array → straight of the stored array (see write/append slides)
 Restauring the stored slides



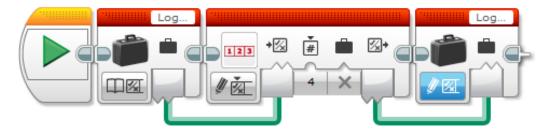
How do you use Arrays (Reading)?



How do you use Arrays (Writing)?



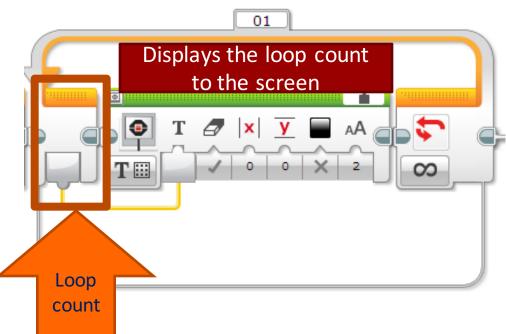
- Read the array you want to write to
- Use array operations to write a value to a certain index
- Write the output back to the array



This will write False to array at index 4

Block Setting: Loop Count

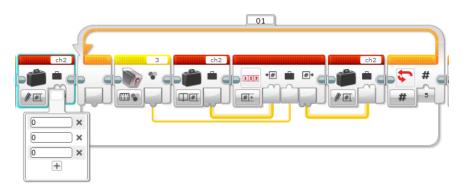
- The loop count outputs the amount of times the blocks inside the loop have played.
- This is useful to create a program that runs different code every time it goes in the loop
- It is also useful for computing on each item of an array



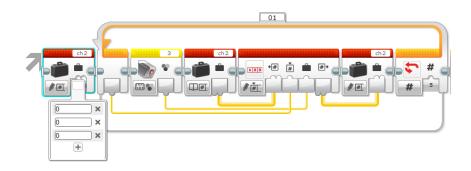
Note: Append vs. Write

Append adds entries to the end of an array (i.e. creates a new index value)

Write overwrites the entry at the chosen index



This code produces an array with 8 entries (three 0's followed by 5 light readings)

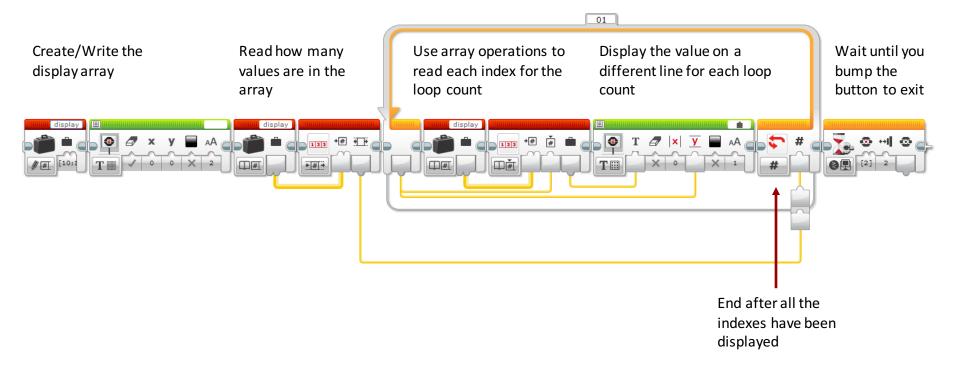


This code produces an array with 5 entries (just 5 light readings)

Challenge 1

- Make a program that displays all the entries of an array. Display each index on a different line. You can use only one display block.
- Tips: You will need to use loops, loop count, array block, array operations

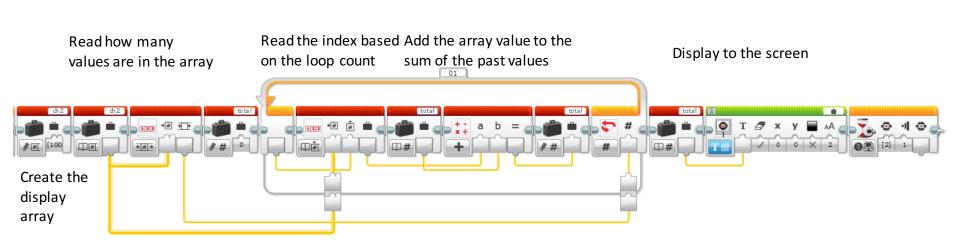
Challenge 1 Solution



Challenge 2

- Make a program that adds up all the entries of an array. Display the sum.
- Tips: You will need to use loops, loop count, array block, array operations

Challenge 2 Solution



Next Steps

- Here are some fun things to try:
 - 1. Make a program to compute the average value in an array
 - 2. Make a program that always saves the last 4 light sensor readings in an array
 - 3. Create an array that stores calibration values for each sensor port



- This tutorial was written by Sanjay Seshan and Arvind Seshan
- More lessons at www.ev3lessons.com



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